# Universität Regensburg Diploma Supplement

This Diploma Supplement model was developed by the European Commission, Council of Europe and UNESCO/CEPES. The purpose of the supplement is to provide sufficient independent data to improve the international 'transparency' and fair academic and professional recognition of qualifications (diplomas, degrees, certificates, etc.). It is designed to provide a description of the nature, level, context, content and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed by the individual named on the original qualification to which this supplement is appended. It should be free from any value judgements, equivalence statements or suggestions about recognition. Information in all eight sections should be provided. Where information is not provided, an explanation should give the reason why.



Universität Regensburg

- 1. Holder of the Qualification
  - 1.1 Surname / 1.2. First Name Mustermann, Max
  - 1.3. Date, Place, Country of Birth 01 January 1985, Musterstadt, Germany
  - 1.4. Student ID Number or Code

## 2. Qualification

2.1. Name of Qualification (full, abbreviated; in original language) Bakkalaureus Artium (B.A.)

Title Conferred n.a.

- 2.2. Main Field(s) of Study German Philology, British Studies
- 2.3. Institution Awarding the Qualification
   Universität Regensburg
   Philosophische Fakultät IV Sprach- und Literaturwissenschaften
   University of Regensburg
   Faculty of the Humanities IV Languages and Literatures
   93040 Regensburg; Federal Republic of Germany

Status (Type / Control) University / Public Institution

2.4. Institution Administering Studies Same

Status (Type / Control) Same

2.5. Language(s) of Instruction/Examination German, English

### 3. Level of the Qualification

3.1. Level

First degree, by research with thesis in 1<sup>st</sup> Major; 3-year integrated two-tier programme.

- 3.2. Official Length of Programme 3 years (= 180 Credit Points)
- 3.3. Access Requirements

Higher Education Entrance Qualification (HEEQ), General; or foreign equivalent. After 12 to 13 years of schooling the HEEQ gives access to all higher education studies. Latinum (Latin language examination) or at least introductory study of Latin and French or another Romance language.

- 4. Contents and Results Gained
  - 4.1. Mode of Study Full-time
  - 4.2. Programme Requirements

Lower division (normally years 1 and 2):

### 1<sup>st</sup> Major: German Philology

Introduction in the subdisciplines German Linguistics, Medieval German Literature and Modern German Literature including the systematic guidance and the methodological tools required for academic work.

# 2<sup>nd</sup> Major: British Studies

In these introductory semesters students acquire the

basics of English Linguistics and English and American Literary and Cultural Studies, and further improve their existing English language skills. They achieve a systematic orientation in the above disciplines as well as a solid grasp of the methodological tools required for scholarly work.

### **Upper division (normally year 3):**

### **Major: German Philology**

Further academic study in one of the five subdisciplines German Linguistics, Medieval German Literature, Modern German Literature, Didactics of German Language and Literature or German as a Foreign Language Philology; Study of other academic disciplines depending on individual needs for professional qualification; acquisition of transferable skills such as communication skills (oral and written), interpersonal skills, intercultural skills, media skills, foreign language skills. Instruction on how to work according to academic principles under supervision.

## 4.3. Programme Details

See "Transcript" for list of courses and grades; and "Prüfungszeugnis" (Final Examination Certificate) for subjects offered in final examinations (written and oral), and topic of thesis, including evaluations.

### 4.4. Grading Scheme

General grading scheme

1,0-1,5	Sehr Gut	Very Good	Excellent performance
1,6-2,5	Gut	Good	Performance considerably exceeding the average standard
2,6-3,5	Befriedigend	Satisfactory	Performance meeting the average standard
3,6-4,0	Ausreichend	Sufficient	Performance meeting minimum criteria
> 4,0	Nicht ausreichend	Insufficient / Fail	Performance not meeting minimum criteria

- 4.5.Overall Classification (in original language) Gut (1,9)
- 5. Function of the Qualification
  - 5.1. Access to Further Study Qualifies to apply for admission for an M.A. programme (second degree).
  - 5.2. Professional Status n.a.

## 6. Additional Information

- 6.1. Additional Information
  - n.a.

# 6.2. Further Information Sources

About the institutions and department programmes: www.uni-regensburg.de For national information sources, please refer to "Information on the German Higher Education System" (attached).

### 7. Certification

This Diploma Supplement refers to the following original documents:

Prüfungszeugnis: 01 January 2009 Transcript: 01 January 2009

Certification Date: 01 December 2009

(Official Stamp / Seal)

Prof. Dr. Matrin Muster Chairman Examination Committee Faculty of the Humanities IV – Languages and Literatures University of Regensburg

# 8. INFORMATION ON THE GERMAN HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM $^{\rm i}$

#### 8.1 Types of Institutions and Institutional Status

Higher education (HE) studies in Germany are offered at three types of Higher Education Institutions (HEI).  $^{\rm ii}$ 

- Universitäten (Universities) including various specialized institutions, offer the whole range of academic disciplines. In the German tradition, universities focus in particular on basic research so that advanced stages of study have mainly theoretical orientation and research-oriented components.

 Fachhochschulen (Universities of Applied Sciences) concentrate their study programmes in engineering and other technical disciplines, business-related studies, social work, and design areas. The common mission of applied research and development implies a distinct application-oriented focus and professional character of studies, which include integrated and supervised work assignments in industry, enterprises or other relevant institutions.

- Kunst- und Musikhochschulen (Universities of Art/Music) offer studies for artistic careers in fine arts, performing arts and music; in such fields as directing, production, writing in theatre, film, and other media; and in a variety of design areas, architecture, media and communication.

Higher Education Institutions are either state or state-recognized institutions. In their operations, including the organization of studies and the designation and award of degrees, they are both subject to higher education legislation.

### Table 1: Institutions, Programmes and Degrees in German Higher

#### 8.2 Types of Programmes and Degrees Awarded

Studies in all three types of institutions have traditionally been offered in integrated "long" (one-tier) programmes leading to *Diplom-* or *Magister Artium* degrees or completed by a *Staatspriifung* (State Examination).

Within the framework of the Bologna-Process one-tier study programmes are successively being replaced by a two-tier study system. Since 1998, a scheme of first- and second-level degree programmes (Bachelor and Master) was introduced to be offered parallel to or instead of integrated "long" programmes. These programmes are designed to provide enlarged variety and flexibility to students in planning and pursuing educational objectives, they also enhance international compatibility of studies.

For details cf. Sec. 8.4.1, 8.4.2, and 8.4.3 respectively. Table 1 provides a synoptic summary.

#### 8.3 Approval/Accreditation of Programmes and Degrees

To ensure quality and comparability of qualifications, the organization of studies and general degree requirements have to conform to principles and regulations established by the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the *Länder* in the Federal Republic of Germany (KMK).<sup>iii</sup> In 1999, a system of accreditation for programmes of study has become operational under the control of an Accreditation Council at national level. All new programmes have to be accredited under this scheme; after a successful accreditation they receive the quality-label of the Accreditation Council.<sup>iv</sup>



The following programmes apply to all three types of institutions. Bachelor's and Master's study courses may be studied consecutively, at various higher education institutions, at different types of higher education institutions and with phases of professional work between the first and the second qualification. The organization of the study programmes makes use of modular components and of the European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS) with 30 credits corresponding to one semester.

#### 8.4.1 Bachelor

Bachelor degree study programmes lay the academic foundations, provide methodological skills and lead to qualifications related to the professional field. The Bachelor degree is awarded after 3 to 4 years.

The Bachelor degree programme includes a thesis requirement. Study courses leading to the Bachelor degree must be accredited according to the Law establishing a Foundation for the Accreditation of Study Programmes in Germany.<sup>5</sup>

First degree programmes (Bachelor) lead to Bachelor of Arts (B.A.), Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.), Bachelor of Engineering (B.Eng.), Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.), Bachelor of Fine Arts (B.F.A.) or Bachelor of Music (B.Mus.).

#### 8.4.2 Master

Master is the second degree after another 1 to 2 years. Master study programmes must be differentiated by the profile types "more practice-oriented" and "more research-oriented". Higher Education Institutions define the profile of each Master study programme.

The Master degree study programme includes a thesis requirement. Study programmes leading to the Master degree must be accredited according to the Law establishing a Foundation for the Accreditation of Study Programmes in Germany.<sup>4</sup>

Second degree programmes (Master) lead to Master of Arts (M.A.), Master of Science (M.Sc.), Master of Engineering (M.Eng.), Master of Laws (L.L.M), Master of Fine Arts (M.F.A.) or Master of Music (M.Mus.). Master study programmes, which are designed for continuing education or which do not build on the preceding Bachelor study programmes in terms of their content, may carry other designations (e.g. MBA).

#### 8.4.3 Integrated "Long" Programmes (One-Tier): Diplom degrees, Magister Artium, Staatsprüfung

An integrated study programme is either mono-disciplinary (*Diplom* degrees, most programmes completed by a *Staatspriifung*) or comprises a combination of either two major or one major and two minor fields (*Magister Artium*). The first stage (1.5 to 2 years) focuses on broad orientations and foundations of the field(s) of study. An Intermediate Examination (*Diplom-Vorpriifung* for *Diplom* degrees; *Zwischenpriifung* or credit requirements for the *Magister Artium*) is prerequisite to enter the second stage of advanced studies and specializations. Degree requirements include submission of a thesis (up to 6 months duration) and comprehensive final written and oral examinations. Similar regulations apply to studies leading to a *Staatspriifung*. The level of qualification is equivalent to the Master level.

- Integrated studies at Universitäten (U) last 4 to 5 years (Diplom degree, Magister Artium) or 3 to 6.5 years (Staatsprüfung). The Diplom degree is awarded in engineering disciplines, the natural sciences as well as economics and business. In the humanities, the corresponding degree is usually the Magister Artium (M.A.). In the social sciences, the practice varies as a matter of institutional traditions. Studies preparing for the legal, medical, pharmaceutical and teaching professions are completed by a Staatsprüfung.

The three qualifications (*Diplom, Magister Artium* and *Staatsprüfung*) are academically equivalent. They qualify to apply for admission to doctoral studies. Further prerequisites for admission may be defined by the Higher Education Institution, cf. Sec. 8.5.

- Integrated studies at *Fachhochschulen (FH)*/Universities of Applied Sciences (UAS) last 4 years and lead to a *Diplom (FH)* degree. While the *FH*/UAS are non-doctorate granting institutions, qualified graduates may apply for admission to doctoral studies at doctorate-granting institutions, cf. Sec. 8.5.

 Studies at Kunst- and Musikhochschulen (Universities of Art/Music etc.) are more diverse in their organization, depending on the field and individual objectives. In addition to Diplom/Magister degrees, the integrated study programme awards include Certificates and certified examinations for specialized areas and professional purposes.

#### 8.5 Doctorate

Universities as well as specialized institutions of university standing and some Universities of Art/Music are doctorate-granting institutions. Formal prerequisite for admission to doctoral work is a qualified Master (UAS and U), a *Magister* degree, a *Diplom*, a *Staatspriifung*, or a foreign equivalent. Particularly qualified holders of a Bachelor or a *Diplom* (*FH*) degree may also be admitted to doctoral studies without acquisition of a further degree by means of a procedure to determine their aptitude. The universities respectively the doctorate-granting institutions regulate entry to a doctorate as well as the structure of the procedure to determine aptitude. Admission further requires the acceptance of the Dissertation research project by a professor as a supervisor.

#### 8.6 Grading Scheme

The grading scheme in Germany usually comprises five levels (with numerical equivalents; intermediate grades may be given): "Sehr Gut" (1) = Very Good;

"Gut" (2) = Good; "Befriedigend" (3) = Satisfactory; "Ausreichend" (4) = Sufficient; "Nicht ausreichend" (5) = Non-Sufficient/Fail. The minimum passing grade is "Ausreichend" (4). Verbal designations of grades may vary in some cases and for doctoral degrees.

In addition institutions may already use the ECTS grading scheme, which operates with the levels A (best 10 %), B (next 25 %), C (next 30 %), D (next 25 %), and E (next 10 %).

#### 8.7 Access to Higher Education

The General Higher Education Entrance Qualification (Allgemeine Hochschulreife, Abitur) after 12 to 13 years of schooling allows for admission to all higher educational studies. Specialized variants (Fachgebundende Hochschulreife) allow for admission to particular disciplines. Access to Fachhochschulen (UAS) is also possible with a Fachhochschulreife, which can usually be acquired after 12 years of schooling. Admission to Universities of Art/Music may be based on other or require additional evidence demonstrating individual aptitude. Higher Education Institutions may in certain cases apply additional admission procedures.

#### 8.8 National Sources of Information

- Kultusministerkonferenz (KMK) [Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany]; Lennéstrasse 6, D-53113 Bonn; Fax: +49[0]228/501-229; Phone: +49[0]228/501-0
- Central Office for Foreign Education (ZaB) as German NARIC; www.kmk.org; E-Mail: zab@kmk.org
   "Documentation and Educational Information Service" as German
- "Documentation and Educational Information Service" as German EURYDICE-Unit, providing the national dossier on the education system (www.kmk.org/doku/bildungswesen.htm; E-Mail: eurydice@kmk.org)
- Hochschulrektorenkonferenz (HRK) [German Rectors' Conference]; Ahrstrasse 39, D-53175 Bonn; Fax: +49[0]228/887-110; Phone: +49[0]228/887-0; www.hrk.de; E-Mail: sekr@hrk.de
- "Higher Education Compass" of the German Rectors' Conference features comprehensive information on institutions, programmes of study, etc. (www.higher-education-compass.de)

The information covers only aspects directly relevant to purposes of the Diploma Supplement. All information as of 1 July 2005.

Berufsakademien are not considered as Higher Education Institutions, they only exist in some of the Länder. They offer educational programmes in close cooperation with private companies. Students receive a formal degree and carry out an apprenticeship at the company. Some Berufsakademien offer Bachelor courses which are recognized as an academic degree if they are accredited by a German accreditation agency.

<sup>III</sup> Common structural guidelines of the Länder as set out in Article 9 Clause 2 of the Framework Act for Higher Education (HRG) for the accreditation of Bachelor's and Master's study courses (Resolution of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany of 10.10. 2003, as amended on 21.4.2005).

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